



University Leiden, The Netherlands



Master (MSc) in Clinical Neuropsychology

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Professor of clinical neuropsychology

*LUMC Neurology & Neuropsychology
UL Neuropsychology*

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<http://www.fsw.leidenuniv.nl/psychologie/organisatie/gmn/>



Clinical neuropsychologists are experts in psychology as applied to neurological conditions, i.c. brain illness, neurodevelopmental disorder, neurodegeneration or brain injury

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Why study *clinical neuropsychology* ?

Clinical neuropsychologists are experts in psychology as applied to neurological conditions, i.c. brain illness, neurodevelopmental disorder or injury

You are interested in:

brain/behavior relationships: how does the healthy and impaired brain function?
(neurobiology, modelling, development and implementation of methods/instruments)

classification (diagnostics), prediction (prognostics) and/or modification (therapy, training, rehabilitation) of normal / disturbed behavior.

and you want to be professionally active in:

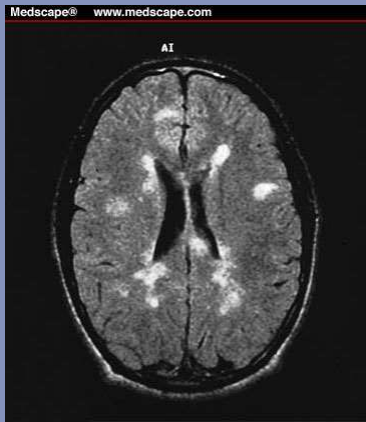
University medical centres (UMCs) and general hospitals
Rehabilitation centres
Mental health services (GGZ, Psychiatry)
Pediatric and Geriatric health care facilities
Research centres, e.g. university, TNO, RIVM
Forensic setting
Pharmaceutical industry: CNS division
Profit and non-profit sector: assessment centres, government, commercial enterprises, etc.
Private practice, ????

3 major career tracks

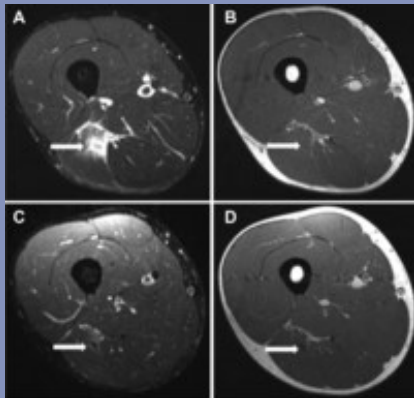
1. Health care: BA > Msc CNP (1y)> GZ-Psychologist (2y)> Clinical neuropsychologist (4y)
2. (Clinical) research: BA > Msc CNP (1y)> PhD (4y)
3. Other: BA > Msc CNP (1y)> ?

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Anatomical lesions < > functional lesions



No association between fibrosis on magnetic resonance imaging at return to play and hamstring reinjury risk. *Am J Sports Med.* 2015 May;43(5):1228-34. Reurink G¹ et al.



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CNP: behavioral consequences of (organic/functional) brain dysfunction: assessment, diagnosis, treatment and rehabilitation

Organic brain disorders

Genetic and neurodevelopmental disorders
–mental retardation, ADHD, dyslexia,
Angelman, Prader-Willie syndrome

Cerebrovasculopathy / CVA

Traumatic brain injury

Neurointoxication

–alcohol, solvents, drugs

Psychiatric disorders

–depression, anxiety, schizophrenia

Neurodegeneration

–Lewy body disease, Parkinson's,
Huntington's, Alzheimer's disease

Other

–HIV, tumor cerebri, epilepsy, (metabolic)
encephalopathy, brain infection,
hydrocephalus, radiation

Functional brain disorders

Psychopathology

Clinical relevance: 1 out of 5 people will suffer from
brain disease !

(Neuro)psychological impairments

cognition

attention and concentration problems

amnesia

aphasia

agnosia, apraxia

executive dysfunction

emotional status

anxiety, depression

behavior

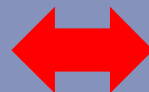
apathy, disinhibition

delusion, hallucinations

personality change

sensory, motor and autonomic

nervous system disturbances



NEUROPATHOLOGY <> PSYCHOPATHOLOGY

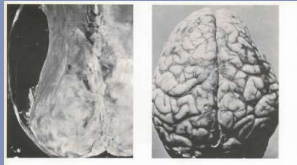


Fig. 27. Extracranial meningioma.
The internal surface of the skull cap. There is a large meningioma on the right hemisphere.

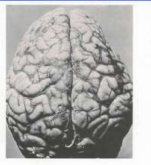


Fig. 28. Extracranial meningioma.
The external surface of the skull cap. There is a large meningioma on the right hemisphere.

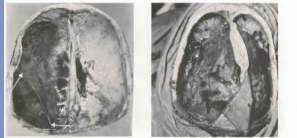


Fig. 29. Subdural meningioma.
The internal surface of the skull cap. There is a large meningioma on the right hemisphere.

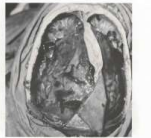


Fig. 30. Subdural meningioma.
The external surface of the skull cap. There is a large meningioma on the right hemisphere.

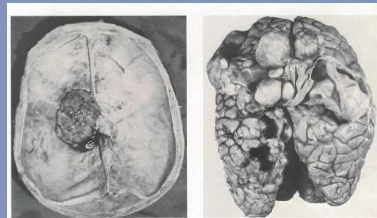


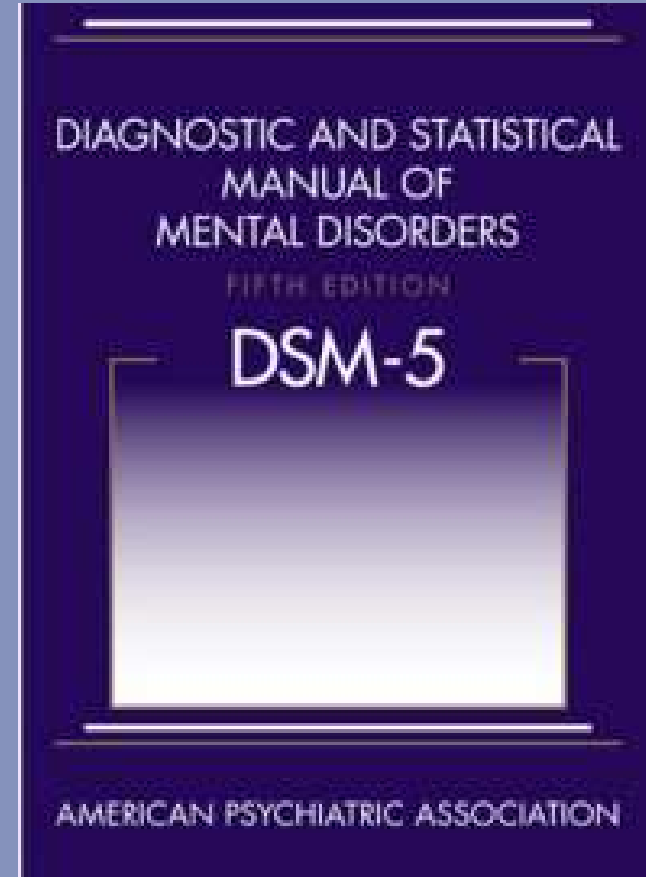
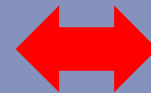
Fig. 41. Intracranial meningioma.
The internal surface of the skull cap. There is a large meningioma on the right hemisphere.



Fig. 42. Multiple meningiomas.
The external surface of the skull cap. There are several meningiomas on the right hemisphere.



Fig. 16. Central meningioma.
The right hemisphere of the brain. There is a large meningioma on the right hemisphere.



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Role and value of clinical neuropsychology

Fundamental (clinical) research of normal and pathological brain/behavior relationships

Selection and description of (patient) study populations (*cognitive genetics, fenotyping*)

Research, development and evaluation of (clinical) research instruments (validation, reliability, applicability, normative data)

Contribution to medical diagnostic work-up: assessment of neuropsychological dysfunction indicative for organic brain disease

(Neuro)psychological function analysis: description of neuropsychological impairments and their consequences for daily functioning

(Neuro)psychological interventions: treatment of patients with cognitive and/or behavioral disorders as result of (organic) brain disease (*cognitive rehabilitation*)

Quantitative evaluation of (non)pharmacological interventions

NEW

EARLY ALERT™

Alzheimer's Home Screening Test

Early detection can lead to early treatment and improved quality of life.

- Self-administered
- Painless and non-invasive
- Simple and easy to use
- Results in 5 minutes

Have you ever wondered?™

The advertisement features a photograph of an elderly couple smiling together. The background is dark with some blurred lights, suggesting an outdoor night setting. The text is overlaid on the image and a white background on the right side.

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CNP program (60 EC)

>>> entry requirement: BA Psychology with Kolb & Wishaw Neuropsychology

- **Courses (20 EC):**

- Adult and old-age Clinical Neuropsychology: theory (5 EC) & practice (5 EC)
Or
- Child Clinical Neuropsychology: theory (5 EC) & practice (5 EC)

And

- Clinical neuropsychological interventions: theory (5 EC) & practice (5 EC)

- **Thesis (20 EC)**

- **Internship (20 EC) or 10 ECTS internship and 10 ECTS elective courses (e.g. A&O or Child Clinical neuropsychology theory)**

Course content (60 EC)

Key issues

Brain/behavior relationships: how does the healthy and impaired brain function? (neuro(patho)(physio)logy, modelling, development and implementation of methods/instruments)

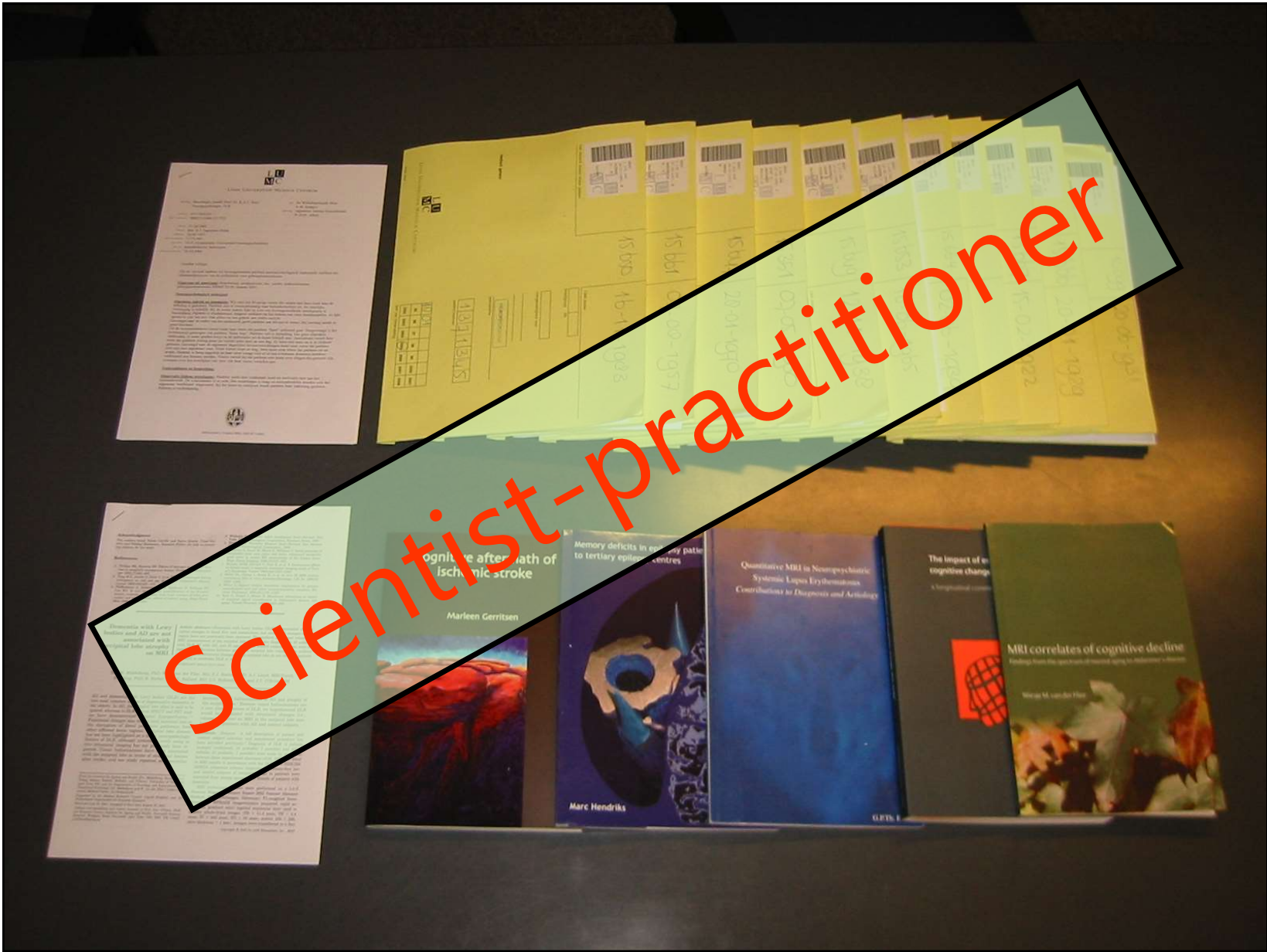
Classification (diagnostics), prediction (prognostics) and/or modification (therapy, training, rehabilitation) of normal / disturbed behavior.

- Lifespan: child, adult, old-age clinical neuropsychology
- Genetics, neuropathology, functional neuroanatomy, brain (patho)physiology
- Diagnostic work-up and treatment of major neurological and psychiatric disorders (mental status examination, DNA testing, MRI, EEG, psychopharmacology etc.)
- Neuro(psycho)logical disorders: developmental, acute, reversible, degenerative
- Clinical neuropsychology: diagnostics, prognostics, treatment and rehabilitation
- Evidenced-based and multidisciplinary approach
- Professional and medical ethical issues

Assessment & Intervention skills (patient and/or care giver)

- Indicating, observation, history taking, (neuro)psychological examination > etiological, functional diagnosis and treatment options
- Neuropsychological interventions: psycho-education, cognitive-, behavioral- and system therapy, case management, neurorehabilitation (strategy and function), neuro feedback
- E-diagnostics, E-psychotherapy, E-function training, E-care giver management

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Thesis: memory activation and EEG in Alzheimer's disease



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Master thesis topics (20 EC)

- Smaller grey matter and brainstem volumes associated with diminished cognitive performance in children with Duchenne muscular dystrophy: a pilot study
- Depression six months after aneurysmal subarachnoid haemorrhage
- Cardiovascular disease load and cerebral small vessel disease in cognitive profiles in Alzheimer patients
- Irritability and executive functioning in Huntington's disease
- The association between prenatal cannabis use and visual spatial processes in six to eight year old children
- In vivo magnetic resonance imaging of amyloid-B deposition in patients with probable Alzheimer's disease
- Effectiveness of the Patient Education Program for patients with manifest Huntington's disease
- Patient satisfaction at the LUMC department of Neuro Intensive Care
- Need for psychosocial treatment of patients with Parkinson's disease
- The effect of sleep deprivation on cognitive flexibility in rats
- Cognitive functioning in Rheumatoid Arthritis
- Check PUBMED for professor Middelkoop's clinical research projects at the Department of Neurology & Clinical Neuropsychology of the LUMC: <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/?term=middelkoop-ha>

Clinical practice: the neuropsychological examination I/II



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Clinical practice: the neuropsychological examination II/II



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A students perspective...

- Courses:

- Adult and old-age Clinical Neuropsychology: theory & practice
- Clinical neuropsychological interventions: theory & practice
- Elective: Child Clinical Neuropsychology: theory
- Elective: Child Clinical Neuropsychology: practice

- Thesis:

The association between orthostatic hypotension and cognition in a 75+ population on antihypertensive medication* <http://archinte.jamanetwork.com/article.aspx?articleid=2429535>

**LUMC departments Neuropsychology, Neuroradiology, General Practice, Internal Medicine, Psychiatry, Neurology*

- Internship:

Neuro-feedback: diagnostic work-up and training
Brain Center Amsterdam

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CNP Program: 1st semester

1 st semester														
37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51
Adult and old-age clinical neuropsychology: T&A Adult and old-age clinical neuropsychology: CP														10
Child neuropsychology of neurodev. disorders: T&A Child neuropsychology of neurodev. disorders: CP														10
Start Master's Thesis (choose topic, read literature, etc)														20
Optional: Electives														

CNP Program: 2nd semester

2 nd semester																					
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
Intervention strategies in clinical neuropsychology							5	Intervention strategies in clinical neuropsychology: practical training													5
Master's Internship 20 ECTS																					
Optional: Electives																					

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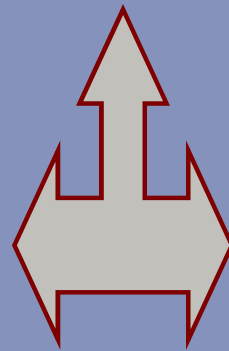
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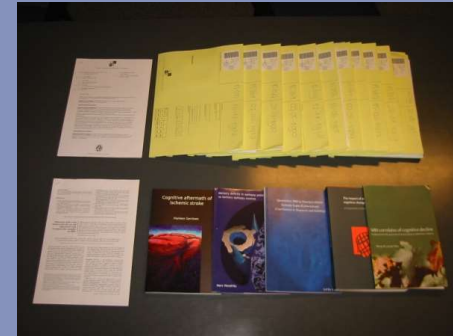
Why study *Clinical Neuropsychology* in *LEIDEN* ?

- Leiden Neuropsychology master is uniquely linked with patient care and clinical research
- Neuropsychology across the life-span: child, adult and old-age Neuropsychology
- Diagnostics *and* interventions.
- Teaching by clinically active and qualified neuropsychologists
- Outstanding facilities (LUMC < > FSW)
- Oldest and largest Neuropsychology department in the NL
- Leiden University= research intensive and 'intimate' top university



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Any questions?



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